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February 24, 2020

Board of Directors Central County Transportation Authority Kalamazoo, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the Central County Transportation Authority for the year ended September 30, 2019. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter dated January 8, 2020. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

# Significant Audit Findings

# Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Central County Transportation Authority are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended September 30, 2019. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

Management's calculation of depreciation expense for the current period is based on an estimate of the useful lives of the capital assets.

Management's calculation of the net pension asset, related deferred inflows, related deferred outflows, and changes therein was based on actuarial assumptions and the use of a specialist (actuary).

Management's calculation of the percentages for current and noncurrent compensated absence payments is based on an estimate of the percentage of employees' use of compensated absences.

Management's calculation of the Authority's share of the net OPEB liability, related deferred inflows, related deferred outflows, and changes therein was based on actuarial assumptions and the use of a specialist (actuary).

Management's inventory valuation is an estimate based on unit cost of inventory items, quantities on hand, historical trends, and industrial standards.

Management's allocation of expenses to operations, maintenance, and administration and between urban, nonurban, and specialized services is based on approved cost allocation plans as described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The allocation of such expenses is an estimate of actual costs based on various factors including square footage, miles, and hours.

Management's allocation of pension assets between the City of Kalamazoo Employees' Retirement System and the Central County Transportation Authority Pension Plan is based on the respective fair values as of fiscal year end.

We have evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these accounting estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosure affecting the financial statements was:

The disclosure of deposits and investments in Note 2 to the financial statements is particularly sensitive due to the fair value measurement of the Authority's investments. Fair value is defined as the amount the Authority could reasonably expect to receive for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller and is generally measured by market quotes.

# Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

# Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. No known or likely misstatements were identified during the audit.

## Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

# Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 24, 2020.

# Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

# Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

#### Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and historical pension system and other post-employment benefit system schedules, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplement the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, which accompanies the financial statements but is not required supplementary information. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquires of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled this supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

We were not engaged to report on the schedule of local revenues, schedule of operating and contract expenses, urban regular service reports, nonurban regular service reports, specialized service reports, or operating assistance calculation, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. We did not audit or perform other procedures on this other information, and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors and management of Central County Transportation Authority and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

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# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Central County Transportation Authority Kalamazoo, Michigan

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central County Transportation Authority (the Authority), a component unit of Kalamazoo County, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central County Transportation Authority, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and historical pension system and other post-employment benefit system schedules, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedule of local revenues, schedule of federal and state awards - operating revenue only, schedule of operating and contract expenses, urban regular service reports, nonurban regular service reports, specialized service reports, and operating assistance calculation, as identified in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

As management of the Central County Transportation Authority (the "Authority"), we offer readers of the Central County Transportation Authority's basic financial statements this narrative for the year ended September 30, 2019. The intent of the management's discussion and analysis is to provide highlights of the Authority's financial activities. Readers are encouraged to read this section in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

## **USING THIS AUDIT REPORT**

This annual audit report consists of this management's discussion and analysis report, the independent auditor's report, and the basic financial statements of the Authority, which include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements, as required by the State of Michigan.

## **Basic Financial Statements and Presentation**

The basic financial statements presented by the Authority are the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows. The Authority is structured as an enterprise fund, and the statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and measurable, not when received. Expenses are recognized when they are incurred, not when paid. Capital assets are capitalized and depreciated, except for land and construction in progress, over their estimated useful lives.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating. Net positions increase when revenues exceed expenses. Improved financial position is indicated by increases in assets and deferred outflows of resources without corresponding increases to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the year. This statement summarizes operating revenue and expenses, along with nonoperating revenue and expenses. In addition, this statement lists capital grant revenue received from federal, state, and local governments.

The Statement of Cash Flows allows financial statement users to assess the Authority's adequacy or ability to generate sufficient cash flows to meet its obligations in a timely manner. The statement is classified into four categories: 1) cash flows from operating activities, 2) cash flows from non-capital financing activities, 3) cash flows from capital and related financing activities, and 4) cash flows from investing activities.

Refer to the footnotes of the basic financial statements for additional information on the measurement focus and basis of accounting.

## **FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - COMPARATIVE**

The Central County Transportation Authority's total net position decreased 4.2% from the previous fiscal year, decreasing from \$28,283,532 to \$27,102,278. In a condensed format, the table below shows a comparison of the net position as of September 30, 2019, to the prior year September 30, 2018.

## CONDENSED SUMMARY OF NET POSITION

	Sept. 30, 2019	Sept. 30, 2018
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, net	\$ 15,600,108 22,748,078	\$ 20,285,581 22,438,240
Total Assets	38,348,186	42,723,821
Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,670,889	4,110,775
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities	2,293,309 15,468,564	1,879,830 13,847,767
Total Liabilities	17,761,873	15,727,597
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,154,924	2,823,467
Net Position Investment in capital assets Unrestricted	22,748,078 4,354,200	22,438,240 5,845,292
Total Net Position	\$ 27,102,278	\$ 28,283,532

Significant variations between the 2018 financial information and the 2019 financial information include the following:

# **Current and Other Assets**

Current and other assets decreased 23% due primarily to changes in the Authority's net pension asset.

## **Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation**

As of September 30, 2019, the Authority had capital assets with a historical cost of \$45,923,168. This is an increase of \$953,275 from the prior year, as the historical cost of acquisitions of capital assets exceeded that of disposals.

## **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

The Authority's deferred outflows of resources increased approximately \$3.5 million primarily due to the increase in the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

# **Noncurrent Liabilities**

Noncurrent liabilities increased \$1,620,797 due to an increase in the Authority's net OPEB liability.

## **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$1,668,543 or 59% due primarily to changes in deferred inflows of resources related to the Authority's net pension asset.

# **The Central County Transportation Authority Activities**

In a condensed format, the following table shows a comparison of the revenues and expenses for September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018. The Central County Transportation Authority's net position decreased \$1,181,254 during the year ended September 30, 2019, meaning expenses exceeded revenues for the period. Operating revenues held steady; operating expenses increased approximately \$2,504,442 primarily due to fluctuations in pension related assets and liabilities; and nonoperating revenues/(expenses) were consistent with those of the prior year.

# CONDENSED SUMMARY OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Sept. 30, 2019	Sept. 30, 2018
Operating Revenue (Expenses)		
Operating revenues	\$ 2,699,587	\$ 2,758,166
Operating expenses	(21,669,436)	(19,164,994)
Operating Loss	(18,969,849)	(16,406,828)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Tax levy	3,768,478	3,731,608
Federal grants and reimbursements	1,915,072	1,273,368
State grants and reimbursements	5,531,655	5,562,981
Local grants and reimbursements	3,574,312	3,377,694
Investment income	128,633	26,011
Interest expense on long-term debt	(171,705)	(173,473)
Gain/(loss) on sale of capital assets	15,856	19,141
Total Nonoperating Revenues	14,762,301	13,817,330
Capital Grant Revenue	3,026,294	2,949,323
Change in Net Position	(1,181,254)	359,825
Net position - Beginning of Year	28,283,532	27,923,707
Net position - End of Year	\$ 27,102,278	\$ 28,283,532

## **Economic Factors**

The Central County Transportation Authority (CCTA) receives funding from passenger fares, property taxes, contract services, and state and federal assistance.

As of October 1, 2016, the CCTA became the operator of the public transit system when transferred from the City of Kalamazoo. The CCTA is the direct recipient of State and Federal transit grants.

In August 2015, the urban communities in Kalamazoo County approved a new region-wide transit millage of 0.75 mills and established the funding for the CCTA. The CCTA will work in coordination with the Kalamazoo County Transportation Authority (KCTA) to oversee and fund the system. The KCTA has a voter-approved county-wide millage of 0.3145 mills. Under the terms of an Operating Agreement between the CCTA and KCTA, KCTA millage revenue is transferred to the CCTA to operate the system.

The CCTA receives significant operating assistance each year from the State of Michigan Comprehensive Transportation Fund. The sources of these funds include a portion of state gasoline taxes, vehicle related sales taxes, license fees and other taxes and fees. These funds are subject to legislative appropriation each year and the percentage of eligible expenses funded is subject to change during the year and subject to reconciliation and audit after the year has concluded. For the period ending September 30, 2019, the Authority anticipates State operating assistance to fund 32.0376% of eligible urban expenses and 38.0667% of eligible nonurban expenses.

# **Contacting the Central County Transportation Authority**

This audit report is designed to provide our member jurisdictions, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or if you need additional financial information, contact the Financial Director or the Executive Director at the following address:

Central County Transportation Authority 530 N. Rose Street Kalamazoo, MI 49007 Phone: (269) 337-8087 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,839,523
Accounts receivable	170,482
Taxes receivable	370,886
Due from other governmental units	2,562,702
Inventories	466,410
Prepaids	15,000_
Total current assets	11,425,003
Total carrene assess	,
Noncurrent assets	1.455.405
Net pension asset	4,175,105
Capital assets not being depreciated	2,057,006
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	20,691,072
Total noncurrent assets	26,923,183
TOTAL ASSETS	38,348,186
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	204255
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	3,262,984
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	4,407,905
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	7,670,889
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	711,158
Accrued interest payable	57,133
	496,893
Accrued wages payable	17,348
Other accrued expenses	26,320
Due to other governmental units	686,307
Unearned revenue	
Current portion of OPEB bonds payable	94,770
Current portion of compensated absences	203,380
Total current liabilities	2,293,309
Noncurrent liabilities	
Net other post-employment benefits liability	11,467,204
Noncurrent portion of OPEB bonds payable	3,951,423
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences	49,937
Honeurient portion of compensated absolutes	
Total noncurrent liabilities	15,468,564
TOTAL LIABILITIES	17,761,873
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	972,940
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	181,984
Deferred filliows of resources related to or ab	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,154,924_
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	22,748,078
Unrestricted	4,354,200
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 27,102,278_
TOTALLET LOSITION	<u> </u>

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES	
Passenger fares	\$ 2,466,231
Other operating revenue	233,356
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	2,699,587
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Operations	11,394,010
Maintenance	3,075,870
General administration	7,199,556
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	21,669,436
OPERATING (LOSS)	(18,969,849)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Taxes	3,768,478
Intergovernmental	
Federal sources	1,915,072
State sources	5,531,655
Local sources	3,574,312
Interest income	128,633
Interest expense	(171,705)
Gain on sale of capital assets	15,856
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	14,762,301
NET (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL GRANT REVENUE	(4,207,548)
CAPITAL GRANT REVENUE	
Intergovernmental	
Federal sources	2,421,034
State sources	605,260
TOTAL CAPITAL GRANT REVENUE	3,026,294
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,181,254)
Net position, beginning of year	28,283,532
Net position, end of year	\$ 27,102,278

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash receipts from customers Other operating cash receipts Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid for employee benefits	\$ 2,474,816 233,356 (8,722,196) (3,813,942)
Cash paid to employees	(4,871,810)
NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(14,699,776)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payment on borrowings Interest paid on long-term debt Taxes received Intergovernmental sources received	(93,069) (172,316) 3,794,353 10,979,600
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	14,508,568
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital purchases Proceeds on sale of capital assets Capital grants received	(2,895,313) 19,350 3,079,971
NET CASH PROVIDED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	204,008
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	128,633
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	141,433
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	7,698,090
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 7,839,523
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used) by operating activities Operating (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash (used) by operating activities	\$ (18,969,849)
Depreciation	2,581,981
(Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Inventories Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Net pension asset	8,585 29,193 (3,112,274) (447,840) 5,238,390
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued wages payable Other accrued expenses Net other post-employment benefits liability Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Compensated absences	(126,764) 38,679 7,998 1,708,880 (1,392,328) (276,215) 11,788
NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (14,699,776)

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF PLAN NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Pension Trust Fund
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	14,386
Investments		
U.S. Treasuries		1,945,953
Corporate bonds		3,499,930
Collateralized mortgage obligations		2,606,009
Equity mutual funds		21,890,112
Real estate mutual funds		1,686,492
Other pooled investments		5,208
Total investments		31,633,704
Total assets		31,648,090
LIABILITIES		-
NET POSITION Restricted for pension benefits	\$_	31,648,090

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Pension Trust Fund
ADDITIONS TO NET POSITION	
Investment income	
Change in fair value of investments	\$ (824,156)
Interest and dividends	985,960
Net investment income	161,804
Contributions	
Plan members	71,832
Total additions to net position	233,636
DEDUCTIONS FROM NET POSITION	
Benefits paid	1,413,677
Administrative expenses	97,760
Other expenses	95,051
Total deductions from net position	1,606,488
CHANGE IN PLAN NET POSITION	(1,372,852)
Net position - beginning of year	33,020,942
Net position - end of year	\$ 31,648,090

# NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Central County Transportation Authority (the Authority), was established under the applicable laws of the State of Michigan Public Act 196 of 1986, as amended, is governed by an eleven-member board of directors appointed by the County of Kalamazoo, Michigan (the County) Board. The Authority is not required to receive the approval of the County Board before issuing debt and may levy a tax on all of the taxable property within the jurisdictional limits/boundaries of the Authority, for transportation purposes, with the approval of the registered electors residing in the jurisdictional limits/boundaries.

The accounting policies of the Authority conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. A summary of significant accounting policies is as follows:

# **Reporting Entity**

The accompanying financial statements are exclusive presentations of the financial condition and results of operations of the Authority. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present all financial activities of the Authority. The Authority has no activities that would be classified as component units.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accounts of the Authority are organized on the basis of a fund which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operation of the fund is accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, and expenses. The Authority's resources are allocated to and accounted for in the individual fund based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds in the financial statements in this report are described as follows:

## PROPRIETARY FUND

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

## FIDUCIARY FUND

<u>Pension Trust Fund</u> - In addition, the Authority reports a fiduciary fund to account for the activities of the Central County Transportation Authority Pension Plan, a defined benefit pension plan, which accumulates resources for the retirement of eligible employees.

# NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position.

# **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and other costs of running the activity. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. If/when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents consists of governmental checking and money market accounts. Investments are reported at fair value. Investments consist of pension fund securities.

## Receivables/Due From Other Governmental Units

Accounts receivable and due from other governmental units consist of amounts due for charges for services and various financial assistance programs, respectively.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist of repair parts, supplies, and fuel and are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis, which approximates fair value.

# **Prepaids**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

# NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Long-Term Liabilities

Capital assets are those with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Property and equipment are recorded at cost or, if donated, at their estimated acquisition cost on the date donated. Depreciation on such capital assets is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as defined in the R&E (Revenue and Expense) Manual and/or as approved by OPT (Office of Passenger Transportation). Costs of maintenance and repairs are charged to expense when incurred. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land improvements	5 - 50 years
Building and building improvements	50 years
Vehicles	4 - 10 years
Office equipment	6 - 10 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 10 years
Intangibles	3 - 10 years

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as defined in the Revenue and Expense (R&E) Manual published by the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) and/or as approved by the Office of Passenger Transportation (OPT).

The eligible depreciation for the year ended September 30, 2019, of \$30,411 (\$2,581,981 total depreciation reported in Operating Assistance Report (OAR) code 51300 for both Urban and Nonurban less ineligible depreciation of \$2,551,570 reported in OAR code 55007 Ineligible Depreciation) includes only the depreciation of assets purchased with local funds and where the useful life of the asset purchased has been approved by OPT.

Long-term liabilities are recognized in the basic financial statements when incurred. The portion of those liabilities expected to be paid within the next year is a current liability with the remaining amounts shown as long-term.

## **Compensated Absences**

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "termination leave" prior to retirement.

## **Unearned Revenue**

Certain receipts from the State of Michigan reflect revenue applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as unearned revenue.

# NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position will, when applicable, report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. *Deferred outflows of resources*, a separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. *Deferred inflows of resources*, a separate financial statement element, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Authority has several items that qualify for reporting in these categories. These items correspond to the Authority's net pension asset and net OPEB liability and are related to differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, and contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow or inflow of resources in the period to which they apply.

## **Cost Allocations**

The Authority has three cost allocation plans where the methodology has been approved by the OPT. Those cost allocations are for charter service, urban and nonurban service, and Kalamazoo Transportation Center lease. These cost allocation plans were adhered to in the preparation of the financial statements.

The Authority allocates expenses between various program activities for grant reporting purposes. The allocations are prepared based on a cost allocation plan and methodology that has been approved by the grantor agency (i.e., service miles).

## Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior year has not been presented in the accompanying financial statements since the inclusion of comparative data would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

# Explanation of Ineligible Expenses per the OPT R&E Manual

Ineligible expenses are classified appropriately according to the definition in the Local Public Transit Revenue and Expense Manual (R&E Manual). Any capital money used to pay for operating expenses is subtracted out as ineligible expense and no expenses previously paid with capital money are included in expenses to be reimbursed. All costs associated with earning nontransportation revenue have been subtracted out as ineligible expenses. Eligible pension and other post-employment benefits include only amounts actually expensed on the books and paid with out-of-pocket money (e.g., not actuarial gains). All ineligible expenses, as required by OPT's R&E manual, have been reported.

# **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The Authority is authorized to invest any of its funds in one or more of the following:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a State or nationally chartered bank or a State or Federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government and which it maintains a principal office or branch office located in this State under the laws of the State or the United States, but only if the bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belong to the State under Section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- c. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY (EXCEPT PENSION PLAN)

## **Deposits**

As of September 30, 2019, the carrying amounts and bank balances for the depository accounts are as follows:

	Carrying	Bank
	Amount	Balance
Checking and money market accounts	\$ 7,838,823	\$ 7,825,372

The Statement of Net Position caption "cash and cash equivalents" includes \$700 of imprest cash. Deposits of the Authority are at a federally insured bank located in the State of Michigan with all accounts maintained in the name of the Authority. As of September 30, 2019, the Authority accounts were federally insured for \$750,000 and the amount of \$7,075,372 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

# Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority's banking and investment policy does not specifically address this risk, although management believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the Authority's management evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated level risk level are used as depositories.

# **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY (EXCEPT PENSION PLAN) (continued)

# **Interest Rate Risk**

The Authority's investment policy does not address interest rate risk which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in the market interest rates.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The Authority's investment policy does not indicate how the Authority will minimize the concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Authority's investment in a single issuer.

#### PENSION PLAN

The deposits and investments of the Central County Transportation Authority Pension Plan (the Pension Plan) have been pooled with those of the City of Kalamazoo Employees' Retirement System (the System). The purchases, maturities, and investment performance are allocated between the Pension Plan and the System based on the fair value of their respective investments.

#### **Deposits**

Checking or other demand/time deposit accounts are not maintained. Amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents in the statement of plan net position include cash and short-term investments in money market accounts held by the investment managers. These accounts are insured by the Securities Investors Protection Corporation for up to \$500,000 each. The carrying amount of these accounts as of September 30, 2019, was \$14,386, which was fully insured.

## **Investments**

The Michigan Public Employees Retirement Systems' Investment Act, Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, authorizes the Pension Plan to invest in stocks, government and corporate securities, mortgages, real estate, and various other investment instruments, subject to certain limitations. The System's Investment Committee is responsible for recommending the investment policies and strategies, and retaining/monitoring the various investment managers, trustees, advisors, actuaries and other fiduciaries utilized by the System. The Authority Board is responsible for approving the recommendations of the Investment Committee. All investment decisions are subject to Michigan law and the investment policy established by the Authority Board.

# **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

PENSION PLAN (continued)

The adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2019, is as follows:

Asset Class	Target	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
	<u> </u>	
Micro Capitalization Domestic Equity	5.00%	6.00%
Small Capitalization Domestic Equity	10.00%	6.00%
Small Capitalization Value International Equity	10.00%	5.00%
S&P Index Funds	30.00%	5.00%
Large Capital Domestic Equity	5.00%	5.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	10.00%	6.75%
Intermediate Fixed Income	12.50%	0.75%
Long Fixed Income	12.50%	0.75%
Real Estate Securities	2.50%	3.75%
Real Estate	2.50%	3.75%

The Pension Plan's investments are held in nine portfolios administered by five investment managers. Following is a summary of the portfolio's investments as of September 30, 2019:

U.S. Treasuries	\$ 1,945,953
Corporate bonds	3,499,930
Collateralized mortgage obligations	2,606,009
Equity mutual funds	21,890,112
Real estate mutual funds	1,686,492
Other pooled investments	 5,208
Total investments	\$ 31,633,704

# Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value hierarchy is also established which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.

# **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

PENSION PLAN (continued)

## Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs may be used in situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant (for example, when there is little or no market activity for an investment at the end of the period). Unobservable inputs reflect the organization's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

As of September 30, 2019, the carrying amount and fair value for each investment are as follows:

Investment Type	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Federal Home Loan	\$ 811,165	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 811,165
Fannie Mae	1,737,724	-	-	1,737,724
Ginnie Mae	57,120	-	-	57,120
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,945,953	-	-	1,945,953
Corporate bonds	-	3,499,930	-	3,499,930
Equity mutual funds	21,890,112	-	-	21,890,112
Real estate mutual funds	1,686,492	-	-	1,686,492
Other pooled investments	5,208		-	5,208
	\$ 28,133,774	\$ 3,499,930	\$ -	\$ 31,633,704

## **Custodial Credit Risk**

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Pension Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Pension Plan's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk. Although uninsured and unregistered, the portfolio's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk since the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department in the Pension Plan's name. Short-term investments in money market funds and investments in mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form.

# **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

PENSION PLAN (continued)

# Credit Risk

The Pension Plan's investment policy provides that its investments in bonds must be rated in the top four major investment grades as determined by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. As of September 30, 2019, the portfolio's investments in fixed income securities were rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's as follows:

Standard & Poor's	U.S. Agencies	Corporate Bonds	СМО	Other Pooled Investments		
AAA	\$ -	\$ 358,187	\$ -	\$ -		
AA	-	280,406	2,606,009	-		
Α	-	1,294,271	-	-		
BBB	-	973,179	-	-		
Not rated	1,945,953	593,887_		5,208		
	\$ 1,945,953	\$ 3,499,930	\$ 2,606,009	\$ 5,208		
		Corporate		Other Pooled		
Moody's	U.S. Agencies	Corporate Bonds	СМО	Other Pooled Investments		
Aaa	U.S. Agencies \$ 1,945,953	Bonds \$ 340,747	CMO \$ 2,606,009			
		Bonds \$ 340,747 324,534		Investments		
Aaa		Bonds \$ 340,747 324,534 1,453,271		Investments		
Aaa Aa		Bonds \$ 340,747 324,534		\$ -		
Aaa Aa A		Bonds \$ 340,747 324,534 1,453,271		Investments		

## Concentration of Credit Risk

The Pension Plan's investment policy requires that the securities of any one company or government agency should not exceed 5% of the total fund. At September 30, 2019, the portfolio's investments were within that range.

The Pension Plan's investment policy and State statutes provide that no more than 70% of the total investments may be in equity holdings and no more than 5% in real estate. As of September 30, 2019, equity holdings accounted for 70% of the total investment portfolio; the holdings in real estate were 5% at September 30, 2019.

# NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

PENSION PLAN (continued)

#### Interest Rate Risk

For investments, the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the investment is known as interest rate risk. The Pension Plan's investment policy does not address interest rate risk. As of September 30, 2019, maturities of the portfolio's debt securities were as follows:

		Inve	estment Maturitie	s (Fair Value by Y	ears)
	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 1,945,953	\$ 430,876	\$ 626,831	\$ -	\$ 888,246
Corporate bonds	3,499,930	74,586	1,924,999	459,669	1,040,676
Collateralized mortgage obligations	2,606,009		32,824	66,148	2,507,037
	\$ 8,051,892	\$ 505,462	\$ 2,584,654	\$ 525,817	\$ 4,435,959

#### Derivatives

The Pension Plan's investment policy permits the prudent use of derivatives to reduce portfolio risk and enhance investment return. Under the terms of the investment agreements, portfolio managers are required to report all derivative holdings on a quarterly basis. The Investment Committee monitors these reports to evaluate the Pension Plan's exposure to credit, market, and legal risk.

The portfolios managed by Jennison Associates have utilized U.S. currency futures contracts, a type of derivative, to reduce overall portfolio volatility caused by interest rate risk. At September 30, 2019, the portfolio had no U.S. currency futures contracts.

# Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Pension Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk derives from its positions in foreign currency-denominated fixed income investments. The Pension Plan's investment policy permits it to invest up to 10% of total investments in foreign currency-denominated investments.

The Pension Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk in U.S. dollars as of September 30, 2019, is summarized below:

Currency	Fixed Income		
Canadian Dollar	\$	49,101 113,466	
Norwegian Krone Pound Sterling		7,603 146,075	
Swiss Franc		14,752	
	<u>\$</u>	330,997	

# NOTE 3 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Due from other governmental units at September 30, 2019, by grant type and grant award year are as follows:

Federal Section 5307 Capital - FY 2018	\$ 4,549
Federal Section 5307 Capital - FY 2017	71,235
Federal Section 5307 Capital - FY 2014	18,606
Federal Section 5307 Capital - FY 2013	881
Federal Section 5310 Operating - FY 2019	11,051
Federal Section 5310 Operating - FY 2018	7
Federal Section 5310 Operating - FY 2017	43,234
Federal Section 5311 Capital - FY 2019	2,768
Federal Section 5307 Operating - FY 2019	1,851,845
State Operating Assistance - FY 2019	138,061
State Operating Assistance - FY 2018	34,355
State Operating Assistance - FY 2018	4,925
Ridesharing Fellowship	32,301
Specialized Services	7,500
Kalamazoo County Transportation Authority	341,341
Due from City of Kalamazoo	 43
Total	\$ 2,562,702

# **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

	C	Balance oct. 1, 2018	Δ	dditions	ī	Deletions	Balance Sept. 30, 2019		
Capital assets not being depreciated		ct. 1, 2010		duitions		Defetions		pt. 30, 2017	
Land	\$	2,012,631	\$	-	\$		\$	2,012,631	
Construction in progress		232,910		20,662		(209,197)		44,375	
Subtotal		2,245,541		20,662		(209,197)		2,057,006	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Building and improvements		18,174,195		71,725		-		18,245,920	
Land improvements		325,335		_		-		325,335	
Machinery and equipment		2,213,313		93,293		(16,186)		2,290,420	
Office furniture and equipment		620,338		200,095		-		820,433	
Vehicles		18,450,727		2,654,111	(	(1,906,852)		19,197,986	
Intangible assets		2,940,444		64,624		(19,000)		2,986,068	
Subtotal		42,724,352		3,083,848	(	(1,942,038)		43,866,162	

# **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)**

	Balance			Balance
	Oct. 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Sept. 30, 2019
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	\$ (8,127,111)	\$ (445,014)	\$ -	\$ (8,572,125)
Land improvements	(290,319)	(4,831)	-	(295,150)
Machinery and equipment	(1,709,293)	(109,117)	16,186	(1,802,224)
Office furniture and equipment	(393,067)	(104,262)	-	(497,329)
Vehicles	(10,397,913)	(1,611,987)	1,906,852	(10,103,048)
Intangible assets	(1,613,950)	(306,770)	15,506	(1,905,214)
Subtotal	(22,531,653)	(2,581,981)	1,938,544	(23,175,090)
Net capital assets being depreciated	20,192,699	501,867	(3,494)	20,691,072
Capital assets, net	\$ 22,438,240	\$ 522,529	\$ (212,691)	\$ 22,748,078

When Federal or State funded assets are withdrawn from public transportation service, the disposition of the assets is to be determined by the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) and the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT). During the year ended September 30, 2019 Central County Transportation Authority disposed of assets that were Federally and State funded with a historical cost of \$1,942,038 and accumulated depreciation of \$1,938,544. Depreciation expense in the amount of \$2,581,981 was reported for the year ended September 30, 2019.

The Authority has entered into an agreement to lease the land and building that house the transportation operations. In accordance with accounting standards, because the lease term for the property is equal to 75% or more of the estimated economic life, the lease has been classified as a capital lease and the land and building are included in the capital assets scheduled above.

## **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt (including current portion) of the Authority for the year ended September 30, 2019:

							Aı	mounts
	Balance					Balance	Du	e Within
	Oct. 1, 2018	Addi	tions	D	eletions	Sept. 30, 2019	0	ne Year
Bonds payable								
2015 OPEB bonds	\$ 4,139,262	\$	-	\$	(93,069)	\$ 4,046,193	\$	94,770

# **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)**

Significant details regarding the outstanding long-term debt (including the current portion) are presented below:

\$4,420,413 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds dated January 7, 2015, due in annual installments of \$94,770 to \$254,421 through December 1, 2045, with interest ranging from 2.230% to 4.670%, payable semi-annually.

\$ 4,046,193

The annual requirements to pay the debt principal and interest outstanding for the above bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest			
2020	\$ 94,770	\$	170,300		
2021	96,957		167,935		
2022	99,630		165,218		
2023	102,546		162,200		
2024	105,462		158,941		
2025-2029	584,415		735,560		
2030-2034	711,990		603,362		
2035-2039	884,763		425,657		
2040-2044	1,111,239		193,877		
2045	254,421		5,941		
	\$ 4,046,193	\$	2,788,991		

#### **NOTE 6 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

Compensated absences activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

									P	lmounts
		Balance						Balance	Dι	ue Within
	Oct. 1, 2018		Additions		Deletions		Sept. 30, 2019		One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	241,529	\$	394,780	\$	(382,992)	\$	253,317	\$	203,380

In accordance with the Central County Transportation Authority's personnel policies and/or contracts negotiated with the various employee groups of the Authority, individual employees have vested rights upon termination of employment to receive payment for unused vacation and sick leave under formulas and conditions specified in the respective personnel policies and/or contracts. The dollar amount of these vested rights, including related payroll taxes, amounted to \$253,317 for vacation and sick at September 30, 2019. The amounts of \$203,380 and \$49,937 have been reported as current and noncurrent liabilities, respectively.

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

# Plan Administration

The Central County Transportation Authority Pension Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit contributory plan which provides pension, disability, and death benefits to all full-time employees and some part-time employees of the Central County Transportation Authority (the Authority).

The Plan was established by the Authority on October 1, 2016 and is maintained as a Pension Trust Fund in the Authority's financial statements. The Plan is administered by the Central County Transportation Authority Pension Plan Board of Trustees. The Board consists of the Executive Director of the Authority, two members of the Authority Board of Directors, the Deputy Director for Support Services of the Authority, and the Chief Financial Officer of the City of Kalamazoo. Plan benefit provisions were established and may be amended under the authority of the Board of Trustees. Employee contribution requirements were established and may be amended subject to collective bargaining agreements and approval by the Board of Directors of the Central County Transportation Authority. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

# Plan Membership

At December 31, 2018, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits	66
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	8
Active employees	107
Total employees covered by the plan	181

# Benefits Provided

A brief summary of the benefit provisions as of December 31, 2018 are as follows:

# **Benefit Groups:**

Exempt Employees (Non-Union)
Amalgamated Transit Union (ATU)
Kalamazoo Municipal Employees Association (KMEA)

**Final Average Compensation (FAC):** Highest 3 consecutive years out of the last 10.

Benefit Multiplier: Varies by Benefit Group

Non-Union: 2.3% of FAC ATU: 2.1% of FAC KMEA: 2.1% of FAC

# NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

## Benefits Provided (continued)

## **Normal Retirement:**

Non-Union Eligibility:

Hired Prior to 9/1/2010: Age 62 with 5 years of service or age 57 with 25 years of service. Hired On or After 9/1/2010: Age 62 with 10 years of service or age 57 with 25 years of service. ATU Eligibility: Age 62 with 10 years of service or age 57 with 25 years of service. KMEA Eligibility:

Hired Prior to 1/1/2009: Age 62 with 8 years of service or age 57 with 25 years of service. Hired On or After 1/1/2009: Age 62 with 10 years of service or age 57 with 25 years of service. Amount of Benefit: Benefit Multiplier x FAC x Years of Credited Service.

# **Early Retirement:**

Non-Union Eligibility:

Hired Prior to 9/1/2010: Age 62 with 5 years of service or rule of 70 with minimum age 55. Hired On or After 9/1/2010: Age 60 with 10 years of service or rule of 70 with minimum age 55. ATU Eligibility:

Hired Prior to 9/1/2010: Age 62 with 5 years of service or rule of 70 with minimum age 55. Hired On or After 9/1/2010: Age 60 with 10 years of service or rule of 70 with minimum age 55. KMEA Eligibility:

Hired Prior to 1/1/2009: Age 62 with 8 years of service or rule of 70 with minimum age 55. Hired On or After 1/1/2009: Age 60 with 10 years of service or rule of 70 with minimum age 55. Amount of Benefit: Normal Retirement Benefit reduced for early commencement. Amount of Reduction: 4/10 of 1% for each month retirement is prior to age 62 (from age 57 if retired with 25 or more years of credited service).

# **Deferred Vested Retirement:**

Eligibility: Satisfaction of the service requirement for Early Retirement.

Amount of Benefit: Normal Retirement Benefit based upon FAC and years of credited service at termination.

Commencement of Benefit: Upon attainment of minimum age requirement for Normal Retirement.

## **Disability Retirement:**

Eligibility: Satisfaction of the minimum service requirement for Early Retirement.

Amount of Benefit: Normal Retirement Benefit based upon FAC and years of credited service at termination.

**Duty Disability Special Conditions:** 

- 1. Minimum service requirement is waived.
- 2. Benefit Minimum is Normal Retirement Benefit based upon FAC at termination and the minimum service requirement for a non-duty disability retirement.

# NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

# Benefits Provided (continued)

## **Death Retirement:**

Eligibility: Satisfaction of the minimum service requirement for Early Retirement.

Amount of Benefit: Normal Retirement Benefit based upon FAC and years of credited service at termination, reduced in accordance with a 100% joint and survivor election.

Duty Disability Special Conditions:

- 1. Minimum service requirement is waived.
- 2. Benefit Minimum is:
  - a. 33 1/3% of FAC payable to surviving spouse; plus
  - b. Unmarried children under 18 years of age receive equal shares of 25% of FAC.

# **Annual Pension Adjustment:**

#### Non-Union:

Eligibility: Members making election by May 30, 2006 who make increased member contributions annually.

Amount of Increase: 1.5% compounded annually granted on the anniversary of retirement. Increases are granted on January 1 annually, following one full year of retirement.

## ATU:

Eligibility: Retired on or after March 1, 2000. Participants retiring before the Normal Retirement Date are excluded.

Amount of Increase: 1.0% compounded annually granted on the anniversary of retirement. Upon attainment of age 75, increases are 2.0% compounded annually.

#### KMEA:

Eligibility: Retired on or after March 13, 2000. Participants retiring before the Normal Retirement Date are excluded.

Amount of Increase: 1.5% compounded annually granted on the anniversary of retirement. Increases begin the later of attainment of age 64 or the first anniversary of the date of retirement.

## **Member Contributions:**

Non-Union Amount: Varies by date of hire. Members electing the annual pension adjustment by May 30, 2006, pay additional 2.0% above the following.

Hired before 6/1/2006: 1.5% of compensation.

Hired on or after 6/1/2006: 3.0% of compensation.

ATU Amount: 1% of compensation. KMEA Amount: 1% of compensation.

# **Periodic Payment:**

Description: Subject to section 15.5 of the CCTA Pension Plan document, certain retirees are eligible for a nonguaranteed payment, with a potential payment every third year. The payment is subject to additional requirements related to the need for projected employer contributions to the Plan and can be reduced or eliminated based on CCTA Board recommendation.

# NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

#### Contributions

Required non-union member contributions vary by date of hire. Non-union members hired before June 1, 2006, are required to contribute 1.5% of their compensation. Non-union members hired on or after June 1, 2006 are required to pay 3.0% of their compensation. Members electing the annual pension adjustment by May 30, 2006, pay an additional 2.0% above those rates. ATU and KMEA members are required to contribute 1.0% of their compensation. The employer is required to contribute such additional amounts, as necessary, based on actuarial determinations, to provide assets sufficient to pay for member benefits. No employer contributions were required for the year ended September 30, 2019.

# Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was -7.25%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

# **Net Pension Asset**

The net pension asset reported at September 30, 2019 was determined using a measure of the total pension liability and the pension net position as of December 31, 2018. The December 31, 2018 total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2017.

Changes in the net pension (asset) during the measurement year were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	<b>Net Position</b>	(A:	sset) Liability
Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability	(a)	(b)		(a)-(b)
Balances at December 31, 2017	\$ 23,560,829	\$ 32,974,324	\$	(9,413,495)
Changes for the year				
Service cost	564,693	-		564,693
Interest on total pension liability	1,737,126	-		1,737,126
Difference between expected and actual experience	(42,034)	-		(42,034)
Change in assumptions	669,306	-		669,306
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(1,363,003)	(1,363,003)		-
Employee contributions	-	69,362		(69,362)
Net investment (loss)	-	(2,342,429)		2,342,429
Administrative expense	-	(36,233)		36,233
Other	(1)	-		(1)
Net changes	1,566,087_	(3,672,303)		5,238,390
Delevere at December 21, 2010	\$ 25,126,916	\$ 29,302,021	¢	(4,175,105)
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$ 25,120,910	\$ 29,302,021	<u> </u>	(4,173,103)

# NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$733,789. As of September 30, 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	972,940
Changes in assumptions	5	51,729		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,7	11,255		
Total	\$ 3,2	62,984	\$	972,940

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	Pension		
September 30,	 Expense		
2020	\$ 756,565		
2021	181,910		
2022	261,219		
2023	1,014,043		
2024	76,307		

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods including in the measurement:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

## NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Entry-Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method Level Percent-of-Payroll, Open Period Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period 10 years Asset Valuation Method 5-Year smoothed market 3.5% (which includes price inflation of 2.50%) Inflation 3.5% to 10.5% including inflation Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return 7.25% Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of Retirement Age eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009 - 2013. RP-2000 Mortality Combined Healthy Tables, projected 20 Mortality vears with U.S. Projection Scale BB.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Tissee Glass	141.8001	
U.S. Small Cap (Manager 1)	5.00%	4.60%
U.S. Small Cap (Manager 2)	10.00%	4.60%
International Developed Equity	10.00%	4.10%
U.S. Large Cap (Manager 1)	30.00%	4.10%
U.S. Large Cap (Manager 2)	5.00%	4.20%
Emerging Markets	10.00%	6.60%
Domestic Fixed Income	25.00%	1.00%
Real Estate (Manager 1)	2.50%	2.90%
Real Estate (Manager 2)	2.50%	2.90%
Total	100.00%	

## NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Authority's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.25%) or 1% higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.25%	Decrease Discount Rate	
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 28,123,053 29,302,021	\$ 25,126,916 29,302,021	\$ 22,611,159 29,302,021
Net pension asset	\$ (1,178,968)	\$ (4,175,105)	\$ (6,690,862)

#### NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

## Plan Description

The Authority participates in the City of Kalamazoo Postretirement Welfare Benefits Plan (the "Plan"), a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan administered by the City of Kalamazoo Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund Trustee. Employee contribution requirements were established and may be amended subject to collective bargaining agreements and approval by the respective employers. Plan benefit provisions were established and may be amended under the authority of the respective employers. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information, which may be obtained by writing to the City of Kalamazoo Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust, 241 W. South Street, MI 49007.

## **Benefits Provided**

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The Plan purchases Medicare supplemental insurance for retirees eligible for Medicare. In addition to the healthcare benefits described above, the Plan provides a death benefit of \$1,000 to all eligible retirees.

## **Contributions**

The employers are required to contribute such amounts, as necessary, based on actuarial determinations, to provide assets sufficient to pay for member benefits. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the actuarially determined contributions for the employers were \$8,111,777 and actual employer contributions were \$3,500,000.

## NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## **Investment Policy**

The Michigan Public Employees Retirement System Investment Act, Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, authorizes the Plan to invest in stocks, government and corporate securities, mortgages, real estate, and various other investment instruments, subject to certain limitations. The Plan's Trustee is responsible for recommending to the respective governing bodies the investment policies and strategies, and retaining/monitoring the various investment managers, trustees, advisors, actuaries and other fiduciaries utilized by the Plan. The respective governing bodies are responsible for approving the recommendations of the Plan's Trustee. All investment decisions are subject to Michigan law and the investment policy established by the respective governing bodies. As City of Kalamazoo OPEB Trust Fund and Employees' Retirement System assets are commingled for investment purposes, the Plan's Trustee has adopted the policies, strategies, and approaches used by the Employees' Retirement System's Investment Committee.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Small Cap (Manager 1)	5.00%	4.60%
U.S. Small Cap (Manager 2)	10.00%	4.60%
International Developed Equity	10.00%	4.10%
U.S. Large Cap (Manager 1)	30.00%	4.10%
U.S. Large Cap (Manager 2)	5.00%	4.20%
Emerging Markets	10.00%	6.60%
Domestic Fixed Income	25.00%	1.00%
Real Estate (Manager 1)	2.50%	2.90%
Real Estate (Manager 2)	2.50%	2.90%
Total	100.00%	

### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported for the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Dollar, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 25 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 3.5% (which includes price inflation of 2.75%)

Salary Increases 3.5% to 15.5%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.5%, net of OPEB plan investment expense

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type

of eligibility condition.

Mortality RP-2000 Mortality Table, projected 20 years with U.S. Projection

Scale BB, rates set-forward 7 years for disabled members.

Health Care Trend Rates 9.0% trend for the first year, gradually decreasing to 3.5% in year 10.

Aging factors Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth

to Death".

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At September 30, 2019, the Authority reported a liability of \$11,467,204 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2017 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on present value of future benefits. At December 31, 2018, the Authority's proportion was 7.062%.

	Dec. 31, 2018	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	253,315,222
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		90,936,245
Net OPEB Liability		162,378,977
Proportionate Share		7.062%
Net OPEB Liability for the Authority	\$	11,467,204

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$1,558,206.

## **NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

At September 30, 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 2,932,385	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	468,738	1,762
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	514,932	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and share of contributions	-	180,222
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*	491,850	-
Total	\$ 4,407,905	\$ 181,984

<sup>\*</sup> The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2020.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	OPEB
December 31,	Expense
-	
2019	\$ 1,349,273
2020	1,349,273
2021	693,866
2022	341,659

### Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 4.45% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.50% and a municipal bond rate of 3.31%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to \$3,500,000 per year. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2031. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2031, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

## NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Authority, as well as what the Authority's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.45%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.45%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase	_
Net OPEB liability	\$ 13,983,186	\$ 11,467,204	\$ 9,408,134	

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Authority, as well as what the Authority's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trends rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (8.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (10.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	19	1% Decrease Cur		se Current Rate		1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	9,115,698	\$	11,467,204	\$	14,356,946

### **NOTE 9 - TAXES**

The Authority is permitted by P.A. 196 of 1986, as amended, to levy property taxes to assist in its operations. Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of July 1 for cities and December 1 for townships and are levied on July 1 and December 1, respectively. The County collects taxes for the Authority. Property taxes are levied on the assessed taxable value of the property as established by local units, accepted by the County and equalized under State statute at approximately 50% of the current estimated market value. During the 2019 fiscal year, the Authority levied a millage of \$.75 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation on December 1, 2018, on townships and July 1, 2018, on cities.

#### Tax Abatements

The Authority received reduced property tax revenues during 2019 as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (IFT's) and brownfield redevelopment agreements entered into by cities, villages, townships, and authorities within Kalamazoo County.

The IFT's were entered into based upon the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Developments Districts Act (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption), PA 198 of 1974, as amended. IFT's provide a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high-tech facilities. Properties qualifying for IFT status are taxed at 50% of the millage rate applicable to other real and personal property in the county. The abatements amounted to \$34,287 in reduced tax revenues for 2019.

## **NOTE 9 - TAXES (continued)**

## Tax Abatements (continued)

Brownfield redevelopment agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties. These agreements were entered into based upon the Brownfield Redevelopment Act, PA 381 of 1996, as amended. Under this Act, a municipality may create a brownfield redevelopment authority to develop and implement brownfield projects. Tax increments financing may be used as a tool for property redevelopment. The abatements amounted to \$19,990 in reduced county tax revenues for the 2018 tax year. The Authority anticipates similar reduced tax revenues in the 2019 tax year.

### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Authority participates in the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority (MMRMA), a self-insured, public-entity risk pool organized under the laws of the State of Michigan to provide self-insurance protection against loss and risk management services to Michigan cities, counties, townships, and special purpose governments. The Authority has not been informed of any special assessments being required.

The Authority is also a member of the Michigan Transit Pool Liability Trust Fund for claims of general and automobile liability. The pool was established for the purpose of creating a self-insurance pool program available for transit agencies and authorities. The Authority pays annually into the pool, which is designed to be self-sustaining through member retentions. Annually, the Authority receives notifications of retrospective claims adjustments based on the actual claims experience of the pool. These retrospective claims adjustments are accrued by the Authority upon notification.

The Authority carries commercial insurance for the risk of loss due to workers compensation claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in either of the past three years.

## **NOTE 11 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Under the terms of various Federal and State grants, periodic compliance audits are required, and certain costs may be questioned, allowed, or disallowed, which could result in funds being returned and/or received from grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by grantors cannot be determined at this time, although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

## **NOTE 12 - COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS**

The methodology used for compiling mileage on OAR Schedules (Urban and Nonurban) is an adequate and reliable methodology for recording vehicle mileage.

Ineligible expenses are classified appropriately according to the definition in the Michigan Department of Transportation Local Public Transit Revenue and Expense Manual (R&E Manual). Audit costs are the only costs in which eligibility differs from the State R&E Manual and the Federal 2 CFR Part 225. Any capital money used to pay for operating expenses is subtracted out as ineligible expense and no expenses previously paid with capital money are included in expenses to be reimbursed. All costs associated with earning nontransportation revenue have been subtracted out as ineligible expenses. Eligible pension and other post-employment benefits include only amounts actually expensed on the books and paid with out-of-pocket money (e.g., not actuarial gains). All ineligible expenses, as required by OPT's R&E manual, have been reported.

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The Authority offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. The assets of the plans are held in trust as described in IRC Section 457 (g) for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The trust requirement was designed by the Internal Revenue Service to help prevent participants from losing their retirement benefits to the claims of plan Sponsor's creditors. The custodian thereof for the exclusive benefit of the participants holds the custodial account for the beneficiaries of the Section 457 plan, and the assets may not be diverted to any other use.

A trust was created for the plan assets, thereby insulating the assets from the Authority's general creditors. The Authority's plan administrator, ICMA Retirement Corporation, created the trust and has placed the assets of the plan within the trust. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 32, plan balances and activities are not reflected in the Authority's financial statements.

#### **NOTE 14 - RELATED PARTY**

The Authority has a contractual relationship with the Kalamazoo County Transportation Authority (KCTA) where KCTA transfers their property tax collections to the Authority to provide transit services. The Authority and KCTA are under common management control. KCTA also transferred payments received from the State of Michigan for personal property tax reimbursements to the Authority. For the year ended September 30, 2019, total payments to the Authority amounted to \$2,765,868. At September 30, 2019, \$341,341 was due from KCTA and included in the due from other governmental units caption on the statement of net position.

### **NOTE 16 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The Authority is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST THREE MEASUREMENT DATES (ULTIMATELY TEN YEARS WILL BE DISPLAYED) (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 12/31 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

	2018	2017	2016
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest	\$ 564,693 1,737,126	\$ 531,951 1,728,567	\$ 488,626 18,323
Change in benefit terms <sup>(1)</sup> Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	(42,034) 669,306	(846,825) -	23,809,450 (900,382)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds Other	(1,363,003)	(1,268,881)	-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,566,087	144,812	23,416,017
Total Pension Liability, beginning	23,560,829	23,416,017	_
Total Pension Liability, ending	\$ 25,126,916	\$ 23,560,829	\$ 23,416,017
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including employee refunds Administrative expense Other (2)	\$ - 69,362 (2,342,429) (1,363,003) (36,233)	\$ - 65,034 3,884,913 (1,268,881) (36,876) 8,615,942	\$ - 14,189 3 - - 21,700,000
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(3,672,303)	11,260,132	21,714,192
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, beginning	32,974,324	21,714,192	-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, ending	\$ 29,302,021	\$ 32,974,324	\$ 21,714,192
Employer's Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$ (4,175,105)	\$ (9,413,495)	\$ 1,701,825
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	116.62%	139.95%	92.73%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 4,921,201	\$ 4,582,818	\$ 4,251,161
Employer's Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	(84.84%)	(205.41%)	40.03%

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective October 1, 2016, the City of Kalamazoo's existing transit operations spun off to become part of CCTA. The CCTA Pension Plan is a separate single-employer retirement system. This schedule reflects CCTA service cost and transfer of liabilities and assets to CCTA.

<sup>(2)</sup> Reflects transfers related to the CCTA spin-off from the City of Kalamazoo Employees' Retirement System.

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS (ULTIMATELY TEN YEARS WILL BE DISPLAYED) (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30)

	201	9	20	18	2	017
Actuarially determined contributions  Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$ 5,20	3,818	\$ 4,91	7,745	\$ 4,9	67,202
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS (ULTIMATELY TEN YEARS WILL BE DISPLAYED) (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30)

	2019	2018	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return,			
net of investment expense	-7.25%	17.72%	0.00%

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST TWO MEASUREMENT DATES (ULTIMATELY TEN YEARS WILL BE DISPLAYED) (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 12/31 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

	2018	 2017
CCTA's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)	7.062%	7.322%
CCTA's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 11,467,204	\$ 9,758,324
CCTA's covered employee payroll	4,921,201	4,582,818
CCTA's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	233.02%	212.93%

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS (ULTIMATELY TEN YEARS WILL BE DISPLAYED) (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

	2019	2018
Actuarially calculated employer contributions	\$ 582,692	\$ 592,937
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	255,800	220,850
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 326,892	\$ 372,087
CCTA's covered employee payroll	\$ 5,203,818	\$ 4,917,745
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	4.92%	4.49%

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

### **NOTE 1 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms during fiscal year 2019.

Changes in assumptions: The investment rate of return on plan assets was changed from 7.50% to 7.25%. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was changed from 7.50% to 7.25%.

## **NOTE 2 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms during fiscal year 2019.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes of actuarial assumptions during fiscal year 2019.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF LOCAL REVENUES (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Passenger fares	\$ 2,466,231
Advertising	39,466
Intercity ticket sales	46,470
Rental of buildings or other property	138,305
Parking lot revenue	116
Gain from sale of capital assets	15,856
Other nontransportation revenue	8,999
Taxes levied	3,768,478
Operating assistance	808,944
Contracts and reimbursements	2,765,368
Interest income	 128,633
TOTAL LOCAL REVENUES	\$ 10,186,866

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Award Amount Remaining	₩	1,396,774 837,175 2,731,567	4,965,516	4,965,516	•	(561)	(561)	,	•	361,115	41,464		\$ 5,367,534
Restated Prior Years' Expenditures		2,251,815 555,541 357,348 147,527	3,312,231	3,312,231	•		81,106	,	•	•	•	1	\$ 3,393,337
ires State	₩	919 9,384 254,143 23,361 39,513	327,320	327,320	•	11,951 43,234	64,408	77,344	148,139	5,481,257	8,447	30,000	\$ 6,136,915
Current Year's Expenditures Federal	\$ 1,851,845	3,672 37,536 1,016,573 93,443 158,050	1,309,274	3,161,119	15,432	47,795 172,936	257,622	309,376	592,557	ī	•	-	\$ 4,336,106
Curren	\$ 1,851,845	4,591 46,920 1,270,716 116,804 197,563	1,636,594	3,488,439	15,432	59,746 216,170	322,030	386,720	740,696	5,481,257	8,447	30,000	\$ 10,473,021
Restated Program Award Amount	\$ 1,851,845	2,256,406 602,461 3,024,838 953,979 3,076,657	9,914,341	11,766,186	15,432	59,185 216,170	402,575	386,720	740,696	5,842,372	49,911	30,000	\$ 19,233,892
Grant No./ Authorization Number	N/A	MI-90-X677/2012-0112/P8 MI-95-X112/2012-0112/P9 MI-2018-004-00/P3 MI-2016-031-00/2012-0112/P21			2017-0030/P10	MI-2019-36-00 MI-2018-003-00/2017-0030/P4 MI-2016-035 72017-0117,1020	0.01/2110-2102/000-0102-101	MI-2016-031-00/2012-0112/P21	MI-2018-004-00/P3	N/A	N/A	N/A	
CFDA Number	20.507	20.507			20.509	20.513		20.525	20.526	N/A	4/N	N/A	
Federal and State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Direct programs Federal Transit - Formula Grants (a) (b) Operating Grant - Section 5307	Passed through Michigan Department of Transportation Federal Transit - Formula Grants <sup>(a)</sup> <sup>(b)</sup> Capital Grant - Section 5307(80/20) Capital Grant - Section 5307(80/20) Capital Grant - Section 5307(80/20) Capital Grant - Section 5307(80/20) Capital Grant - Section 5307(80/20)			Formula Grants for Rural Areas Operating Assistance - Section 5311 (FY 19)	Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities Operating Grant - Section 5310 Capital Grant - Section 5310 (80/20)	caption of anti- section 55±0 (50/20)	State of Good Repair Grants <sup>(a)</sup> (b) Capital Grant - Section 5339	Buses and Bus Facilities (a) (b) Capital Grant - Section 5339	MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Operating Assistance - Act 51 Operating Assistance (FV19)	Nucsalaring Fenowship 2018-2019	Specialized Services 2018-2019	TOTALS

 <sup>(</sup>a) Denotes major program.
 (b) Denotes programs that are required to be clustered U.S. Department of Transportation.

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS OPERATING REVENUE ONLY (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

State of Michigan Operating Grants	
Local Bus Operating Assistance (Act 51)	\$ 5,481,257
U.S. Department of Transportation - Section 5310	11,951
Ridesharing	8,447
Specialized Services	30,000
Total State Operating Grants	5,531,655
Federal Operating Grants	
U.S. Department of Transportation - Section 5307	1,851,845
U.S. Department of Transportation - Section 5311	15,432
U.S. Department of Transportation - Section 5310	47,795
Total Federal Operating Grants	1,915,072
TOTAL OPERATING GRANTS -	
STATE AND FEDERAL	\$ 7,446,727

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CONTRACT EXPENSES (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Urban		Nonurban		Specialized Services		Total	
				-					
Labor	\$	4,928,673	\$	1,602	\$	-	\$	4,930,275	
Fringe benefits		5,531,352		1,203		-		5,532,555	
Services		1,686,820		4,104				1,690,924	
Materials and supplies		2,208,535		841		-		2,209,376	
Utilities		292,777		1,640		-		294,417	
Insurance		377,340		2,722		-		380,062	
Taxes and fees		1,033		1		-		1,034	
Purchased services		3,770,872		77,350		30,000		3,878,222	
Miscellaneous		170,189		401		-		170,590	
Interest on long-term debt		171,705	•	-		-		171,705	
Depreciation		2,563,490		18,491		-		2,581,981	
•	-								
Total expenses	\$	21,702,786	\$	108,355	\$	30,000	\$	21,841,141	

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OAR SCHEDULE 4R

# URBAN REGULAR SERVICE REVENUE REPORT (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Code	Description	 Amount
401	Farebox revenue	
40100	Passenger fares	\$ 2,416,660
406	Auxiliary trans revenues	
40615	Advertising	39,466
40620	Intercity ticket sales	45,536
407	Nontrans revenues	
40720	Rental of buildings or other property	138,305
40725	Parking lot revenue	116
40760	Gain from sale of capital assets	15,537
40799	Other nontransportation revenue	8,819
408	Local revenue	
40800	Taxes levied directly for/by transit agency	3,692,732
409	Local revenue	
40910	Local operating assistance	792,684
40999	Other local contracts and reimbursements	2,709,784
411	State formula and contracts	
41101	State operating assistance (Urban)	5,310,789
41199	Other MDOT/OPT contracts and reimbursements	11,711
413	Federal contracts	
41302	Federal Section 5307 operating	1,851,845
41399	Other federal transit contracts and reimbursements	55,112
414	Other revenue	
41400	Interest income	 126,048
	TOTAL URBAN SERVICE REVENUE	 17,215,144

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OAR SCHEDULE 4E URBAN REGULAR SERVICE EXPENSE REPORT (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Code	Description	Operations_	Maintenance	Administrative	 Total
501	Labor				
50101	Operators' salaries and wages	\$ 2,930,241	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,930,241
50102	Other salaries and wages	209,294	929,027	535,514	1,673,835
50103	Dispatchers' salaries and wages	324,597	-	-	324,597
502	Fringe benefits				
50200	Fringe benefits	2,200,350	726,377	106,424	3,033,151
50210	DC pensions	27,042	9,348	24,027	60,417
50220	DB pensions	-	-	733,789	733,789
50240	DC Other Post Employment Benefit	98,450	28,089	19,250	145,789
50250	DB Other Post Employment Benefit	-	-	1,729,911	1,729,911
503	Services				
50302	Advertising fees	-	-	51,049	51,049
50305	Audit cost	•	-	16,326	16,326
50399	Other services	392,837	338,446	888,162	1,619,445
504	Materials and supplies				
50401	Fuel and lubricants	863,045	6,498	466	870,009
50402	Tires and tubes	78,969	-	-	78,969
50499	Other materials and supplies	282,533	979,446	(2,422)	1,259,557
505	Utilities				
50500	Utilities	100,284	1,949	190,544	292,777
506	Insurance				
50699	Other insurance	-	-	377,340	377,340
507	Taxes and fees				
50700	Taxes and fees	577	195	261	1,033
508	Purchased trans service				
50800	Purchased trans service	3,770,872	-	-	3,770,872
509	Miscellaneous expenses	224	40.004	10.001	40 121
50902	Travel, meetings, and training	3,046	18,394	18,691	40,131
50903	Association dues and subscriptions	•		43,335	43,335
50999	Other miscellaneous expenses	-	38,101	48,622	86,723
513	Depreciation			0.740.400	0 5 6 0 40 0
51300	Depreciation	-	-	2,563,490	2,563,490
550	Ineligible expenses			44 744	44 744
55004	Other ineligible state contracts	-	-	11,711	11,711
55007	Ineligible depreciation	-	-	2,533,296	2,533,296
55009	Ineligible percent of association dues	•	-	5,660	5,660

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OAR SCHEDULE 4N URBAN REGULAR SERVICE NONFINANCIAL REPORT (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Code	Description	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Total
611	Vehicle Miles <sup>(1)</sup>	2,675,805	282,071	143,197	3,101,073

<sup>(1)</sup> The methodology used for compiling mileage has been reviewed and found to be an adequate and reliable method for recording vehicle mileage.

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OAR SCHEDULE 4R

# NONURBAN REGULAR SERVICE REVENUE REPORT (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Code	Description	 Amount		
401	Farebox revenue			
40100	Passenger fares	\$ 49,571		
406	Auxiliary trans revenues			
40620	Intercity ticket sales	934		
40020	intercity ticket sales	751		
407	Nontrans revenues			
40760	Gain from sale of capital assets	319		
40799	Other nontransportation revenue	180		
408	Local revenue			
40800	Taxes levied directly for/by transit agency	75,746		
10000	Tanco torroa arroom, torros agrees	,		
409	Local revenue			
40910	Local operating assistance	16,260		
40999	Other local contracts and reimbursements	55,584		
411	State formula and contracts			
41101	State operating assistance	44,715		
41199	Other MDOT/OPT contracts and reimbursement	240		
*****				
413	Federal contracts			
41301	Federal Section 5311	12,664		
41399	Other federal transit contracts and reimbursements	1,130		
414	Other revenue			
41400	Interest income	2,585		
12.100	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	 		
	TOTAL NONURBAN SERVICE REVENUE	 259,928		

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OAR SCHEDULE 4E

# NONURBAN REGULAR SERVICE EXPENSE REPORT (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Code	Description	Operations	Maintenance	Administrative	Total
501	Labor				
50102	Other salaries and wages	\$ 1,602	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,602
502	Fringe benefits				
50200	Fringe benefits	1,118	-	-	1,118
50210	DC pensions	28	=	-	28
50240	DC Other post-employment benefits	57	-	-	57
503	Services				
50302	Advertising fees	-	-	137	137
50305	Audit cost	-	-	74	74
50399	Other services	744	-	3,149	3,893
504	Materials and supplies				
50401	Fuel and lubricants	302	-	1	303
50499	Other materials and supplies	362	-	176	538
505	Utilities				
50500	Utilities	265	•	1,375	1,640
506	Insurance				
50699	Other insurance	-	-	2,722	2,722
507	Taxes and fees				
50700	Taxes and fees	-	-	1	1
508	Purchased trans service				
50800	Purchased trans service	77,350	-	-	77,350
509	Miscellaneous expenses				
50902	Travel, meetings, and training	50	_	-	50
50999	Other miscellaneous expenses	-	-	351	351
513	Depreciation				
51300	Depreciation	-	-	18,491	18,491
550	Ineligible expenses				
55004	Other ineligible state contracts	-	-	240	240
55007	Ineligible depreciation	-	-	18,274	18,274
560	Ineligible expenses				
56002	Ineligible expenses associated w/advertising	798	_	_	798
56004	Ineligible expenses associated w/rentals	-	-	2,782	2,782
					-
570	Ineligible expenses			4.400	4.420
57099	Other ineligible Federal/State/Local			1,130	1,130
			Total expe	enses	108,355
			Total ineli	gible expenses	23,224
			Total eligi	ble expenses	\$ 85,131

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OAR SCHEDULE 4N NONURBAN REGULAR SERVICE NONFINANCIAL REPORT (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Code	Description	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Total
611	Vehicle Miles <sup>(1)</sup>	25,725	1,078	720	27,523

<sup>(1)</sup> The methodology used for compiling mileage has been reviewed and found to be an adequate and reliable method for recording vehicle mileage.

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OAR SCHEDULE 4R SPECIALIZED SERVICE REVENUE REPORT (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Code	Description	Amount
411	State formula and contracts	
41101	State operating assistance	\$ 30,000
	TOTAL NONURBAN SERVICE REVENUE	\$ 30,000

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OAR SCHEDULE 4E SPECIALIZED SERVICE EXPENSE REPORT (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Code	Description	Operations		<u>Maintenance</u>		Administrative		Total	
503 50399	Services Other services	\$	30,000	\$		\$	-		30,000
				Total eligible expenses		\$	30,000		

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY OPERATING ASSISTANCE CALCULATION (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Urban	Nonurban	
Total expenses	\$ 21,702,786	\$ 108,355	
Less ineligible expenses			
Other ineligible State contracts	11,711	240	
Ineligible depreciation	2,533,296	18,274	
Ineligible percent of association dues	5,660	-	
Ineligible expenses associated w/advertising	38,671	798	
Ineligible expenses associated w/rentals	135,639	2,782	
Other ineligible operating expenses paid by capital contract	196,413	-	
Other ineligible Federal/State/Local	55,112	1,130	
Ineligible defined benefit pension	733,789	-	
Ineligible other post-employment benefits	984,824	~	
Total ineligible expenses per R&E manual	4,695,115	23,224	
TOTAL STATE AND FEDERAL			
ELIGIBLE EXPENSES	\$ 17,007,671	\$ 85,131	
Eligible expenses for State reimbursement	\$ 17,007,671	\$ 85,131	
x Reimbursement percentage	32.0376%	38.0667%	
1 0			
State operating assistance	\$ 5,448,850	\$ 32,407	
Eligible expenses for Federal reimbursement		\$ 85,131	
x Reimbursement percentage	N/A	18.00%	
A Remindred percentage			
Federal operating assistance	\$ 1,836,521	\$ 15,324	



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Central County Transportation Authority Kalamazoo, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Central County Transportation Authority (the Authority), a component unit of Kalamazoo County, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2020.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

February 24, 2020

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors Central County Transportation Authority Kalamazoo, Michigan

## Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Central County Transportation Authority's (the Authority), a component unit of Kalamazoo County, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2019. The Authority's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Central County Transportation Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2019.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstance for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

February 24, 2020

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# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Audito	or's Results					
Financial Statements						
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting:						
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No					
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> None reported					
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No					
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs:						
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No					
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	YesX None reported					
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified					
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No					
Identification of major programs:						
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
20.500, 20.507, 20.525, 20.526	Federal Transit Cluster					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No					
Section II - Financial Statemen	nt Findings					
None noted.						
Section III - Federal Award Findings an	nd Questioned Costs					
None noted.						

# CENTRAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

## FINDINGS/NONCOMPLIANCE

Significant Deficiencies and Material Weaknesses Related to Internal Controls Over the Financial Statements.

No prior audit findings.

Findings Related to Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Financial Statements.

No prior audit findings.

<u>Findings Related to Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Federal Awards and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with Uniform Guidance.</u>

No prior audit findings.